THE HUNTRESS.

EDUCATION *The main pillar which sustains the Temple of Liberty.*—JEFFERSON.

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MRS. ANNE ROYALL
At the corner of North B. and third st
Captol Hll

SELECTED TALE

FORGIVENESS—THE RETURN.

By Alfred Crawquill.

(Concluded.]

He was young, gay, and agreeable. His eye soon fixed on the village belle, Annie; he sought her for a partner, and danced his best. My uncle looked on without the slightest spice of jealousy, only pleased to see her acquit herself so charmingly with the London gentleman. He felt proud of her.

'The feast was passed some days, when an alarming ever attacked the young lover, who begged that Annie might not, in her anxiety be allowed to come near him.

He was obeyed, and much against her will and entreaties she was not permitted to approach his bedside.

To the dismay of the village, it was soon discovered to be that then most dreadful scourge the small pox. Many fled the village; Annie, among the number, was forced away by her terror stricken guardian.

Dreary and painful weeks passed over, and his life was spared, but his features were much altered, though not disfigured. He hardly knew himself as he gazed for the first time in the glass upon his changed features. He would not see his betrothed until by change of air, he had removed all fear of contagion. So that three months elapsed, from the feast week, before he stood in the road of the village, looking out for Annie's return.

She came, she welcomed him with tears, but there was a strange chill in her manner that penetrated to his heart. Too soon the busy tongue of rumor whispered the fatal truth. The London spark, who was staying close in the vicinity of her friends, to whom she had gone upon her lover's illness, had been constantly seeking her society and her regards.

'The noble and upright heart of my uncle shuddered. He sought her, and found that the gay manners and engaging air of this more polished lover had estranged her affections. Like a martyr he sacrificed himself for her happiness, or what she considered as such—he bade her be free. He felt that she had turned from his altered features with less than disgust, and it was only his former self that she had supposed she loved.

She left the village, as every body knew, to be married to another; no blessing followed her—for all knew too well that she had spurned a true and affectionate heart, and he never loved woman again. His young heart still sought to know her fate, and after years were often saddened by the knowledge that she placed her fortune in a rotten vessel, and that she was unhappy in her choice.

More than fifty years had passed away, and he had not forgotten her.

The pecking of the social robin at the casement awoke me early the next morning soon seconded by the cheerful voice of the old man exclaiming—

'Come, come, my lord! none of your London ways—up and stirring—the toasted cake and eggs are crying come eat me! You must be rapid in your movements, for I intend you to be my assistant this morning. It is my turn. I find, to see the coals given to the poor today, at the Crown stables—come, here's your hot water and your boots, with that he popped into my room and bustled away, humming with a very chirping tone some old fashioned ditty, of which he had stores about—

'Tis sweet in the morn,
When sounds the horn,
And bucks a hunting go;
For all my fancy
Dwells with my Nancy,
For she can cry, Tally ho! ho! ho!

We breakfasted like princes, and then busted across the road, to the 'Crown' stables,—where we found men, women, and children, assembled, with wheelbarrows, baskets, bags, in fact anything that would hold anything, waiting for the charitable largess of coal provided for them by the richer classes so that they might not suffer during the inclement season. Half a loaf and a whole fire is better than a whole loaf and no fire,' said my uncle.

He had a thousand kind greetings from them all, I could not help smiling, as I placed down their names and families, at the severe looks with which he whispered to me that we must be very particular, and not give an ounce more than the rules allowed.' God bless the old man! he was continually popping some round lump of coal into somebody's basket, over and above the allowance; and the little muffled up urchins were clustering around him in the most perplexing manner, interfering sadly with his dignity. Children are the best judges in the world, they believed in him, and well they might, he felt with them.

Opposite to his cottage there was a roughly fenced in slip of an orchard, which had been a continual annoyance to him. Boys will rob orchards. Apples, it is well known are gifted with a tremendous power of seduction. There is a positive wickedness about the tree; it throws its arms over its boundary wall or fence right in the faces of passers-by, waving a load of golden temptation to their parched mouths quite irresistable. That orchard was not to be borne; it was the cause of more family squabbles, juvenile thrashings, and heart burnings, than all the rest of properly walled in, respectable orchards in the kingdom. The surly proprietor, however wanted a small angle of ground, belonging to my uncle, to enlarge his stable. For once my uncle finissed; nothing but that straggling bit of cankered orchards would he take in exchange and he got it. Happy day for the children, for he took down the board of penalties, nearly obliterated by revengeful throws from juvenile depredators, and with much humor replaced it with one of more amiable temper. On it was written—'Don't steal, ask over the way.'

From that day, puddings had more apples in them, that orchard became a valuable mentor to infants, for my uncle took care that all deserving children should look forward to it as a positive reward of good behavior in all instances, and a garden of Eden, from which delinquents were excluded. It last was only known as 'the children's orchard.

We had just finished off our last claimant' when a boy came up to my uncle saying tha 'Master Dover the clerk of the parish, wished to speak with him, and that he was now waiting at my uncle's door.'

We soon reached the snow-covered porch, where stood the old man, who was clerk, beadle, wheel-right—in fact a factotum. He was an old and respected friend of my uncles. As we approached I saw that the old man wore a puzzled look and fidgety manner—he shook hands cordially with us, and entered the house.

'Well Master Dover, what's the world's wonder has brought you down so early this morning?' exclaimed my uncle, placing a chair for his visitor, and opening his little three-cornered cupboard, where he kept his unrivaled home-made wines, and producing a bottle and glasses.

'Why my dear sir, I be rather puzzled, but they made me come about that poor creature you were so kind to last night, as old Black Will brought down—he would'nt leave her anywhere except at his cousins, down at the Plough, where of course she's been well looked after. But we want to know what to do, as we looks up to you, you know and—', here the old man rubbed his hair down on his fore head, and turned his eyes with an embarrassed look towards me as if claiming my assistance in some way. I felt puzzled.

'Poor soul, poor soul,' replied my uncle, as he poured out the wine.

'We must see about her, and find out who she is, and her right of settlement, and all that but I'll pop down myself, and talk to them at 'The Plough.'

'The overseer has been down, and—and he thought as I was one of your oldest friends. I had better come down and talk abit about it!' continued the old man, twitching and shuffling about in his seat in the most extraordinary manner.

'Oh right very right!—here is your health, and as many more years as you wish to yourself!' said my uncle as he finished his glass and looked upon his old cotemporary with a benevolent smile.

As my uncle turned to the cupboard to look for a piece of cake, the old clerk motioned to me with a piteous look, holding up his hand, and shaking his towards my uncle, who, placing the looked-for cake upon the table. took his seat and said 'Pray, Master Dover, who is the poor blind soul?'

Ah, master, that be it; I aint got courage to ont with it: my heart gets in my throat! I wish they had sent any soul else but me. But dang it, I be an old fool!' Here he wiped, with the sleve of his co at the positive persperation from his brow cold as the day was. 'Dang the thing! it must out, my dear old friend. That poor soul that you saved last night from death—after fifty years absence—is—your Annie Leslie.'

I started towards my uncle, for I thought he would have fallen from his chair. A sudden paleness overspread his face, and his hands turned death.like, as he clasped them convulsively before him. His old play-fellow and friend looked upon him in his violent shock, with tears coursing each other down his rugged cheeks.

To think, said old Master Dover, 'that she, sir, whom I remember young happy and well to do, should have come to this! It's now gone fifty years, and more, since my dame went to school with her. She's down along with her now, sir. A bad husband she got, when she chose to have that rakey ne'er do well! Ah, poor, dear soul! after fifty years, to come back a pauper to her parish Blind, too!!—

Dover! Dover,' said my uncle, in a hurried and hysterical manner, rising suddenly, with and effort from his chair. No, no, o! Annie Leslie—for to me she will always be Annie Leslie—has not returned to the parish a pauper! No, no, no, nor Annie is not come to the parish! Annie Leslie has returned to me.

We were soon hurrying along the pretty lane leading the church, where dwelt many of uncle's tenants. Here an old couple were quickly arranged with, to receive the stricken wanderer, and to offer her every comfort. The parish clerk was working like a horse, though surrounded by willing hands between my uncle's house and poor asylum for poor Annie, all the day carrying every thing for her comfort that could be thought of, under my superintendence; for my uncle dared not venture within sight of the place.

What must have been the feeling of that poor afflicted creature when she found that he rejected of her youth was the shield and comforter of her age!

The sweet belles reaied out from the modest spire and the sun shone upon the next morning, which was Sunday. My uncle took my arm to proceed to church, but not by the accustomed path. He took his course up the village: for the old route lay by the door of the cottage where Annie was sheltered.

'My dear boy,' said he to me, the imperfect light of last night, and my failing sight, have felt one impression of the appearance, thank God! of Annie Leslie. I am too old now, to tare from my imagination the picture that it has long held! I wish, for the few remaining years of my life that it should not be destroyed by the reality.

Therefore, I never pass that way to church again. She is cast from a sea of trouble at my feet, and I am spared to save her! What more could I ask? The rejoicing that is in my heart is indescribable.'

His friends, as they stood clustered around the porch to greet him, uttered not one word of the returned one; but every hand was held out for a grasp—no one would be denied. That morning few eyes could be turned from the venerable old man, thoughts of him mingled with every prayer. His heart was at peace—for he had forgiven!

COME YE JOLLY TOPERS,

AIR—*Dearest May.*

Come all ye jolly topers,
And listen to our lay,
We'll tell you all the pleasures true,
And point to fortune's away.
Come join the Sons of Temperance,
And quickly you will find,
That honor, peace, plenty,
With other blessings bind.
Chorus—Oh, the Sons of Temperance,
They are a noble band,
They take the drunkard from his cup,
The orphan by the hand.

Come all ye nice young men,
If you would marry well.
If you would have a happy, home,
A pleasant place to dwell,
Let midnight revels cease,
The bloated face grow thin,
Your frame grown nervous by hard drink,
Your eye already dim.
Oh, the Sons of Temperance, &c.

Dash down the cup of woe,
If you would sure be wise,
Your health preserve, and soul prepare
For life beyond the skies.
Let this your motto be,
'I will no more partake!
Let liquor to the swine be given—
A sober man I'll make.
Oh, the Sons of Temperance, &c.

Cold water if you'll try it,
When sparkling from a spring,
'Twill keep the headache far from you;
The 'dimes' 'twill surely bring,
Then before go too far,'
Or yield to Bacchus clear,
Come join the Sons of Temperance,
Then nothing you will fear.
Oh, the Sons of Temperance &c.

Come join the Sons of Temperance
Mothers will then rejoice—
Sisters, wives, and friends will ha
This your happy choice.
Your country too will claim you,
And honors shall be thick,
Virtue will her presence lend
If, to the pledge you'll stick.
Oh, the Sons of Temperance &

WASHINGTON CITY D. C.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 4, ::::::::::::1849.

OUR COUNTRY.

There are loud professions of patriotism throughout our country, but the movements of the various parties which seem to multiply with the rapidity of the polypous.It would require a close search to discover the retreats of patriotism and virtue, such as we have known in times of old. The whole country perhaps, we should say, the political country seems to be out of joint.

No sooner does Col. Benton exhibit signs of his willingness to occupy the Presidential chair of the United States than we have a voice to the North Gen. Scott,though neither speak out. These will no doubt be followed by others equally as willing, in the East and the west, and perhaps some may start up in the centre.

We find the following letter from Gen. Scott in the weekly Globe of this city:

"WEST POINT, JUNE 29, 1849.

MY DEAR SIR: The news from the Parliament of Great Britain this morning must, I think, increase the discontent of our neighbors on the other side of the St. Lawrence and the Lakes not a little; and that those discontents will, in a few years, lead to a separation of the Canadas, New Brunswick, &c. &c., from the mother country, seems equally probable.

Will those Provinces form themselves into an independent nation, or seek a connection with our Union? I think the probability is greatly in favor of the latter. In my judgment the interests of both sides would be much promoted by annexation—the several provinces coming into the Union on equal terms with our present thirty States. The free navigation of the St. Lawrence is already of immense importance to perhaps a third of our present population, and would be of great value to the remainder. After annexation, two revenue cutters, below Quebec, would give us a better security against smuggling than 30,000 custom-house employes strung along the line that separates us from the British possesions on our continent. I am well acquainted with that line, and know a great deal of the interests and character of the Provincials. Though opposed to incorporating with us any district densely peopled with the Mexican race, I should be most happy to fraternize with our northern and northeastern neighbors.

What may be the views of our Executive Government on the subject, I know absolutely nothing; but I think I cannot err in saying that two-thirds of our people would rejoice at the incorporation, and the other third soon perceive its benefits.

Of course, I am opposed to any underhanded measures, on our part, in favor of the measure, or any other act of bad faith towards Great Britain. Her good will, in my view of the matter, is only second to that of the Provincials themselves, and that the former would soon follow the latter—considering the present temper and condition of Christendom—cannot be doubted.

The foregoing views I have long been in the habit of expressing in conversation; I give them to you for what they may be worth.

Faithfully yours,

WINFIELD SCOTT."

From the sentiments expressed in his letter we may judge that Gen. Scott is not alone, and his opinion thus made public, is a mere prelude to an avowal of the wishes of some political party, relating to the Presidency, but which party we are unable to judge, the following very able article, however, from the New York Herald (which we likewise find in the Globe,) may throw some light upon the subject:

"CANADA AND CUBA—NEW AND IMPORTANT ISSUES.

Premonitory symptoms of new and important issues, growing out of Canada and Cuba, are beginning to show themselves in various places, and among every party, as well as public men, throughout the country. Those symptoms have increased very much of late, and seem to be as plentiful as are the indications of the cholera. All parties, and every public man of any notoriety, are preparing for what is about to be considered the manifest destiny of the United States towards either the early or late adoption of Canada, Cuba, and perhaps Mexico herself, into this Confederacy. The recent extraordinary letter of General Scott, on the subject of Canadian annexation—which seemed to come before the public in formis, no one can tell how—is only evidence of the workings among the politicians of the Whig party, on this important topic. There is also a very prevalent belief that the present cabinet of General Taylor has been gradually, for a few months past, making up their minds to adopt the ultimate annexation of Canada and Cuba, at as early a moment as possible, as a part of their platform in the organization of an administration party, and for future contingencies in future elections. Probably a conviction of this kind, in the mind of General Scott, induced him to take the start as early as he did on the subject and promulgate his sentiments in the blind & out-of-the-way shape in which they came before the world.

We have already seen, by the extracts which we have furnished to our readers, that the opposition party, formerly the democracy, who supported Mr. Polk's administration, are also preparing to take the same grounds, and to claim both the annexation of Canade and Cuba as their special property—as their own particular thunder. The free soil party of the North—the abolitionists, the partisans of Mr. Van Buren, the supporters of Senator Seward, the odds and ends of all factions in the free States, are evidently also favorable to the annexation of Canada, as soon as that country can get rid of its engagements with the fatherland, and find itself in a position to act independently of influences from across the water. The accession of anti-slavery influence, which the annexation of the British provinces would give to the northern factions in this republic; is probably one of the strongest reasons which give strength and permanence to the present movement.

With respect to Cuba, the annexation of that island—embracing perhaps another slice from Mexico—the southern States might very naturally make their annexation a condition, & a necessity for agreeing to the annexation of the Canadas to this country. It is evident—however, from the position at present occupied by the great political parties throughout this republic, that there is no chance for the annexation of Canada without Cuba, or that of Cuba without Canada; that in all future accessions of territory to this already wide-spread republic, either must be managed in such a way as to adjust the balance of power between the North and South on the slavery question, as it now exists. There is not the slightest probability that the South will ever agree to the incorporation of canada separately from that of cuba.

From these indications, views, and inference it is very evident that all parties in this country are on the verge of some great and important movement, looking to the enlargement of this republic beyond its present limits, and an accumulation of power heretofore unknown in the world. The administration at Washington, in casting about for a platform, or in making up an issue for future contingencies, have given evidence enough of various kinds, that they are ready on the moment to enter into negotiations for the annexation of canada and cuba, with the concurrence, and without prejudice to the rights of Great Britain and Spain. The opposition party occupy the same ground, and are equally anxious, if not more so than the administration. The old issues which agitated the country for twenty-five years—bank, tariff, sub-treasury, internal improvements, the wilmot proviso, appear to be worn out, and are gradually expiring, like the flickering of a dying lamp."

Although these matters are painful as the forerunner of our downfall as a Republic—we have no fears for the country while Gen. Taylor is at the head of the Nation—they may lay as many plans as there are hairs on their heads, and add slander and falsehoods as they choose, it will never injure Gen. Taylor. But of all the political blackguarding we ever heard the following exceeds!

"MORE OPPOSITION TO GEN. TAYLOR—THE MORMONS IN THE FIELD.—Misfortunes never come singly. They pour upon the victim by the bucketfull. Gen. Taylor has not been able to evade the inevitable law. To the awful howlings, and fierce assaults, and perpetual accusations of the Union; and the yells, and threats and menaces of thousands of disappointed office-beggars, who all charge upon the President every error, and every sin of omission or commission with which the administration is chargeable, we must now add the relentless opposition of the Mormons. This desperate band of martyrs and heroes have just entered the field. They are not all engaged in digging gold in the great valley of the Salt Lake. A remnant is amongst us, and they are not disposed to give sleep to their eyes, or slumber to their eyelids, till they consign Gen Taylor to utter perdition. Here is the first proclamation:—

PROCLAMATION!

By authority of the King of Kings!

Whereas a document has been issued by Zachary Taylor, the so-called President of the United States appointing the first Friday in August next as a day of Fasting, Humiliation and prayer on account of the calamities with which Almighty God in righteous judgement is about visiting this land of high handed wickedness, pride and abominable hypocrisy— and whereas said Taylor calls on all professing Christians to suspend their usual avocations on that day and assemble in their churches there to beseech God to avert his threatened judgments. particularly the pestilential scourge of Cholera.

Therefore I, Samuel S. Snow Prime minister of Jesus Christ, who is King over all nations, by the authority vested in me by Almighty Jehovah, pronounce the said Zachary Taylor a base hypocrite, a bloody robber and murderer, and usurper of power and authority that belong not to him. I also declare that his proclamation or recommendation of a national fast, is Null and Void, and of no binding force or obligation whatever. And I invoke the burning curse of Jehovah upon every one who observes the day according to his recommendation.

May God speed on the war, famine and pestilence, and destroy all the wicked! Amen SAMUEL S. SNOW.

MOUNT ZION, July 22, 1849.

This is a curious document. Public curiosity will be, doubtless, naturally excited as to the source from which it emanates On this point we are able to throw some light. We have before us another singular manifesto, entitled, "Testimony from Mount Zion," printed on a hot pressed sheet of post, in ink of most inflamatory redness. This manifesto deals anathemas, and imprecations, and curses, enough to swamp half a dozen miserable planets like the earth, and announces, with great solemnity, that the male and female saints who sign it, possess a perfect monopoly of the true faith and the hopes of heaven.—There are sixty of these blessed souls, whose names re appended to the 'Testimony"—fifty males and thirty females. They sing a song of joy and triumph over the progress of war, pestilence, and famine and look for a speedy and complete installation into the possession of unlimited power and dominion in the mallenial kingdom, which they allege has just been introduced on earth, in answer to their prayers and for their sole and special benifit. It seems that the head quarters of this powerful opposition party are in Division street, at the house of a deciple, named Abiahum Riker, and that the Apostle Snow holds forth every Sunday in the hall of the College, in Crosby street. Judging from the tone and tempet of his manifestoes Snow must be a 'messenger' of firebrands, arrows and death, to all refractory disciples— amongst whom, it is clear, he has ranked Gen. Taylor. What the result of this new opposition to Gen Taylor may be, it is hard to predict. Ritchie and Snow are an awful team. What, with the resolutions of '87 and the hot fire of Virginia— old Virginia, the mother of the Gracchi, directed by the hand of Ritchie—and the lightning and brimstone of Apostle Snow, the President is likely to be in a bad fix. How can he stand against this combined artillery of heaven, earth and hell— not to speak of the blood and murder of discontented whigs? What are we to look for next? These are terrible times.'

We do not envy the man who would hire such ruffians to write him into office. Thousand of miles distant, the poor Mormons are as innocent of this infamous crime as we are.

THOUGHTS OF HEAVEN.

No sickness there,
No weary wasting of the frame away,
No fearful shrinking from the midnight air—
No dread of summer's bright and fervid ray.

No hidden grief,
No wild and cheerless vision of despair!
No vain petition for a swift relief—
No tearful eyes, no broken hearts are there.

Care has no home
Within the realm of ceaseless prayer and song;
Its billows break away and melt in foam,
Far from the mansions of the spirit throng!

The storm's black wing
Is never spread athwart celestial skies
Its wailings blend not with the voice of spring,
As some too tender floweret fads and dies!

No night distils
Its chiling dews upon the tender frame,
No moon is needed there! The light which fills
The land of glory, from its Maker came!

No parted friends
O'er mournful recollections have to weep!
No bed of death enduring love attends
To watch the coming of a pulseless sleep!

No blasted flower
Or withered bud celestial gardens know!
No scorching blast of fierce and shower
Scatters distruction like a ruthless foe!

No battle word
Startles the sacred host with fear and dread!
The song of peace creation's morning heard,
Is sung wherever angel minstels tread!

Let us depart
If home like this await the weary soul!
Look up, thou stricken one! thy wounded heart
Shall bleed no more at sorrow's stern control.

With faith our guide,
White-robed and innocent to lead the way,
Why fear to plunge in Jordan's rolling tide,
And find the ocean of eternal day!

From the Louisville Courier.

WESTERN POETRY.

Messrs. Cowling & Davies have just published a very neat and substantial volume of poetry, bearing the following title: *Voices of Nature, and Thoughts in Rhyme*: By Sidney Dyer. Louisville: J. V. Cowling & J. C. Davies. 1849.

With many of the poems of this volume we have been familiar some time, through the monthly and daily periodicals, and we have often admired their beauty artless ness and truth. But we did not know, until now, the extraordinary circumstances in which this poetry was imbued with life In a modest preface to the poems, the author says: 'At the age of sixteen the author found himself a 'drummer boy' in the United States Army, wholly ignorant of the grammar of his land's language. By the kind exertions of a pious female he

was induced to devote those hours to study usually given by his companions to idleness, dissipation and vice; and to the blessings of Heaven upon those efforts, he is indebted for all the squirements he may possess, having, from that time to the present hour, enjoyed none of the advantages of school or college."

The following lines, entitled "*The Snow flake*," seems to us be full of beauty:

"Little evanescent thing,
Flitting on thy jeweled wing,
Soon to press the plain so drear,
And dissolve into a tear!
Yet I will not weep for thee—
Brighter is thy destiny.
Though the frost may on the plain,
Hold thee with an icy chain,
Spring will come with sunny glee,
To unlock and set thee free.
Mounting up on wings of air,
Where the forked lightnings glare;
Riding in the thunder's car,
O'er the spicy lands afar,
Breathing in the leaves of flowers,
Sparkling in the summer showers,
Glowing in the vernal bow:
Leaping with the streamlet's flow,
Mingling with the ocean's waves,
Coursing through the coral caves,
Swiming in the peasants's bowl,
Nectar to the thirsty soul,
Thus a merry round thou'lt go,—
Back again, a flake of snow.

Such is changing life to me—
Now in sadness, now in glee
Bathed at times in sorrow's tears;
Mounting now above all fears,
Soaring upward to the skies,
Protrate as the flowerets lies,
Doomed to sleep within the grave,
O'er me soon the grass will wave,
Yet as deathless still I know,
As the changing flake of snow.'

THE FELLOWSVILLE DEMOCRAT.

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Terms, one dollar and twenty five cents per annum, if paid in advance, one dollar and seventy five cents within six months, or two dollars and twenty five cents at the expiration of the year, terms strictly adhered to.

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PUBLISHED WEEKLY,

By HERRICK & ROPER,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS,

No 111 Nassau street (second floor,) between Beekman and Ann streets.

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The undermentioned having taken the above well known Hotel, recently occupied by P Moran, East of the Rail Road Depot, between 1st and 2d Streets, is now prepared to accommodate any number of persons that may favor them with a call. Their table will be supplied with all the delicacies of the season, and the bar with the choicest liquors.

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A MAMMOTH PAPER.

DEVOTED TO MORALITY, PURE LITERATURE, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC NEWS, AGRICULTURE, SCIENCE, ART AND AMUSEMENT.

This paper contains from one-fourth to one half more than the generality of two Dollar city weeklies.

The Proprietors of the SATURDAY EVENING POST return their sincere thanks to their friends and the public for the patronage extended to them since the enlargement of their paper, and respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. The belief expressed in their last Prospectus, that the POST is destined to take its stand at the very head of the weekly press, is fast becoming realized. The reason of this is in a great degree, to be found in the stand the POST has always taken against the immoral literature of the day. The public have felt, in the language of the North American and United States Gazette, of this city, that "The Post has done much towards correcting the taste of the newspaper reading public."

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4 COPIES,	
8(And one to Agent, or getter up of the Club)	10,00
13 do do do	16,00

Lady's Book for six dollars.

Three Copies of the Saturday Evening, Post and two of the Ladies Garland for five dollars

Two Copies of the Saturday Evening Post, and two of the Fountain, (containing 252 pages of original letter prees, and 8 of Sartains best Magazine engraving,)for four dollars.

ALWAYS IN ADVANCE.

The Money for Clubs must always be sent in advance. Subscriptions may be sent at our risk (when the sum is large, a draft should be procured if possible—the cost of which may be deducted from the amount.) Address,

DEACON & PETERSON, No 66 South third Street, Philadelphia.

☞ Editors copying the above, or who will give a fair notice of the paper [we ask not that it shall be praised, but be noticed] in their editorial columns, shall be entitled to an exchange. Such as are ready entitled to an exchange for the current year, shall receive our thanks.

N. B.—Any person desirous of recieving a copy of the Post, as a sample, can be accommodated by notifying the Publishers by letter, post paid.

EYES RGHT—LEFT FRONT.

Turns your eyes which way you will, the same agreeable sensation and clear preception a vission is produced by the American Perilo cal Glass, manufactured only by H. M. Paine, North Oxford M. S. They are acknowledged to be the greatest aid to the human vision ever inventen. These Glasses can be had of the subscriber (who is the only authorized agent in this District)set in Gold, Silver or steel frames also parabolic Glasses, for near sighted people and cateract Glasses for those who are so unfortunate as to require them, at whole sale and retail also a few choice of Gold and silver watches.

Gold pens and pencils in Gold and silver cases, and a genteel assortment of Jewelry which will be sold low for cash at his store on Pa. avenue a few doors east of Coleman's Hotel, corner or pepper alley.

STEPHEN EDDY.

GARDEN AND FLOWER SEEDS

For sale, Wholesale and Retail, at

J. F. CALLAN'S

Drug store cor er 7, Sts.

Among which may be found the following, Artichoke, Asparagus, Beans of various kinds Beets of every variety, Brussel's Sprouts, brocell, Collards, Cabbage, many sorts, Carrots do, do. Cauliflowers late and early Cellery, white and red, Cherfu, or Salad, Corn, Salad peppergras, cucumber late and early corn, arly prolific and sweet egg plant, white and purple, endive Curled Kale all the best sorts, Melons and Cantelopes. Nastnrtium, okra, excelent for soups, onions white red and silver Parsley, plainand curld Parsnips, large Pears very early, and late pepper squash and othes Pumpkins Radishes, vegatable Oysters, spin age Squash of every variety, turnips the finees kind of turnips; all the onion setts &c

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R. W. LATHAM & CO'S. EXCHANGE & BANKING HOUSE,

Corner of seventh and D sts. opposite Nat. Intelligencer. Bank notes on all solvent banks in the United States bought and sold at the best rates.

Drafts, notes and bills on Washington, Georgetown, and Alexandria, collected and remittances promptly made in Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, or Boston, funds at a charge of one quarter per cent, collections made on all the principle cities of the Union upn the most favorable terms.

Exchange, Bills of exchange and bank checks on the most principal cities of the Union bought and sold at the best rates,

DR. TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA

Most extraordinary Medicine in the world

This Extract is put in quart bottles, It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and wartanted superior to any sold. It cures diseases, without vomting, purging, sicng, or debilitating the patient.

The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, while it eradicates disease, in invigorates the body.

IT HAS PERFORMED MORE THAN

15.000 CURES THIS YEAR.

1,000 cures of Rheumatism.

1,000 cures of Dyspepsia.

2,500 cures of General Debility and Want of Nervous Energy.

30,000 Female Complaints, and over 7,000 cures of Diseases of the Blood viz:

Ulcers, scrofula, erysipelas, salt rheum, pimples on the face, &c., together with nerous cases of consumption liver complainst, spinal affections, &c This, we are aware, must appear incredible, but we have letters from physicians and our agents from all parts of the United States informing us of extraordinary cures. R Van Buskirk, Esq., one of the most respectable druggists in Newark, New Jersey, informs us that he can refer to more than one hundred and fifty cases in that place alone. There are thousands of cases in the city of N. York which we will refer to with pleasure, and to men of character well known.

OPINIONS OF PHYSICIANS.

Dr. Townsend is almost daily receiving orders from physicians in different parts of the Union.

This is to certify that we, the undersigned physicians of the city of Albany, have einnumerous cases prescribed Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla and beleive to be one of the most valuble preparations of Sarparilla in the Market.

P H. Puling, M. D. R. B. Briggs, M. D.
P E. Elmendorf, M. D.

Albany, April 1, 1845.

The following is from one of the most respectable physicians on Long Island:

GREENPORT July 19, 1846.

DR. TOWNSENDS—Dear Sir—it is with satisfaction that I have recently witnessed, in several cases the most beneficial results from your extract of Sarsaparilla. Be engaged in the practice of medicine, I have prescribed it in several cases, and never without benefit. In the removal of diseases arising from a deranged state of the digestive orvans, jaundice, &c if far exceeds any thing of the kind ever offered to the public. You will please send me two dozen, &c.

Respectfully yours,
C, S, PRESTON, M D.

UNITED STATES OFFICER.

Capt G W Mclean, Member of the Legislature, and late of the U. S. Navy; has kindly sent us the following certificate. It tells its own story.

RAHWAY Jan. 25 1847.

A year since I was taken with the influenza and my whole system left in a debilitated state. I was induced to try Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla,

B after taking two or three bottles, I was very much relieved, and attributed it entirely to the said Sarsaparilla. I have continued taking it, and that I improve every day. I believe it saved my life, and would not be without it under any consideration.

G W. McLEAN.

SCROFULA CURED.

This certificate conclusively proves that this Sarsaparilla has perfect control over the most obstinate diseases of the blood. Three persons cured in one house is unprecedented,

THREE CHILDREN.

DR. TOWNSEND—Dear Sir, I have the pleasure to inform you that three of my children have been cured of the scrofula by the use of your excellent medecine. They were afflicted very severely with bad sores; having taken only four bottles; it took them away, for which I feel myself under deep obligation.

yours respectfully,
ISAAC W. CRAIN, 108 Wooster
NEW YORK, March 1, 1847.

THE FELLOWSVILLE DEMOCRAT.

Is published on Friday of each week at Fellowsviles, Preston county Virginia by S. Heermans.

Terms, one dollar and 25 cents per annum, if paid in advance, one dollar and seventy five cents within six monts, or two dollars & and twenty five cents at the expiration of the year, terms strictly adhearred to.

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Yearly advertisers will be charged Twelve dollars and fifty cents with the privilage of occupying a space not exceeding two squares, half column, Twenty dollars.

Letters and communications must be addressed to the editor, F. B. WOODWARD, a Fellowsville, Preston co. Va.

Millinery and Fancy Store,

Mrs Clavadetscher formerly Mrs Bihler begs leave to return her greatful thanks to the citizens of washington for their generous patronage, and respectfully informs them that she has just received an extensive assortment of Millinery of the latest paris fashions With a variety of the richest laces, satins silk velvets fancy ribbons bonnets &c.

A MAMMOTH ENTERPRISE

FAMILY MESSENGER AND NATIONAL GLEANER.

The undersigned having purchased the establishment of Alexanders 'Pictorial Messenger,' and Harding's 'Saturday Gleaner,' intends consolidating both papers and issuing a weekly journal under the above title.

It is designed to make it emphatically what its name implies a Family Newspaper, devoted to all the varied matters which will serve to render it an agreeable and useful weekly visitor.

Besides furnishing choice literature articles from the most approved authors whose talents have been secured, to enfash the columns of the Family Messenger and Gleaner, the current news will be given upon the latest period of the day of publication, and care will be taken to furnish our agricultural friends with a store of information, together with accurately prepared statements of the prevailing Markets, &c. &c.

It will be our aim to please the tastes of our readers, numbering as they do, thousands upon thousands, and we hope to be so successful in our endeavors, as to merit for 'The Family Messenger and Gleaner.' the acknowledgment, on the part of the reading public, that it is not only, the cheapest but the best newspaper in the country.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy will be furnished for one dollar,

Seven Copies	$6,00
Twelve copies	$10,00
Twenty copies	$16,00
Twenty-six copies	$20,00
Thirty three copies	25,00
Forty copies	$0,00
Fifty copies	$5,00

Payments in all cases to be made in advance.

☞ For three dollars, we will furnish one copy of 'The Family Messenger and Gleaner,' and a copy of Graham's unrivaled American Magazine for one year

A PREMIUM OFFER.

The Post Office of any town in the Union, from which we shall receive the greatest number of subscribers to the Family messenger and Gleaner,' during the year between the 1st of December, 1848, and the 1st of December 1849, (the copies to be mailed to such post office, or to subscribers through it,) shall be entitled to a continuance of the whole number of subscriptions gratuitously, for one year after the expiration of the year for which their subsciptions shall have been paid.

ALWAYS IN ADANCE.

The money for Clubs must be always sent in advance. Subscriptions may be sent at our risk—[when the sum is large a draft should be procured if possible—the cost of which may be deducted from the amount.)

Address, postage paid,

SAMUEL D. PATTERSON,

No. 98 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia

STEAMBOAT HOTEL.

The subscriber having taken the large and commodious Hotel on seventh street one door from the corner of Pennsylvania avenue, facing the Centre Market, recently occupied by John C. Cook, esq.

Of this long established house, for convenience and comfortable apartments, little need be said. The subscriber also long known to the public, is prepared to accommodate boarders and travellers at the shortest notice. His table is plentifully furnished with the best the market affords, prepared by experienced cook and attentive servants.

His bar is furnished equal to any in the United States.

August 23 1846. JOHN WEST

DAGUERREAN GALLERY.

VAN LOAN & CHASE present their compliments, and solicit an early visit to their

DAGUERRAN GALLERY.

at the ODEON, corner 4 1-2 street and penn avenue.

Where can be seen specimens of these exquisite Works of Art, which are pronounced by Scientific Gentlemen of the city to, stand unrivaled either in Europe or America.

It is a common idea that these pictures will not stand the test of time. Ladies and gentlemen are apprized that all such defect is entirely removed; these pictures will never fade.

Their various and important improvements enable them to give such pleasing resemblance the none can fail to be perfectly satisfied, and without the tediousness of being compelled to sit more than a few seconds.

Landscapes Family groups, copies of ol paintings, Gentlemans Country seats, churches, ional Buildings and every other ob-

THE GLOBE,

Congressional, Agricultural, and Literary Newspaper.

The Editors of the Congressional Globe propose a new publication. To deserve the patronage which Congress has accorded to their reports of its debates, in receiving and making the Globe the official register, they intend to add promptitude to whatever merit has hitherto recommended the work. They will publish a Daily Globe, to record the proceedings and debates as they occur, and a Congressional Globe periodically as heretofore, embodying the reports of Congress separate from the miscellaneous matter which will accompany them in the daily print. To fill the sheet of the daily newspaper, it is designed to gather the news from all quarters, and complete the contents by drawing from every source whatever may be of most interest among literary novelties, and of greatest utility in science, art, or agriculture. For material the leading journals and periodicals of France and Great Britain, treating of such subjects will be consulted and it is hoped, advantageously used. Original essays, especially on topics connected with agriculture, wil be obtained from the most enlightened land practical men of our country.

The Globe as a newspaper, and as a vehicle of information and amusement in other respects will be under the charge of Francis P. Blair and James C. Pickett. The Congressional department and business concerns of the paper will be under the management of John C. Rives. The public are familiar with Blair and Rives as connected with the press. In introducing Mr Pickett as one of the concern they will be allowed to say a few words of him. He is a gentleman favorably known to the Government, for the talent and judgment which distinguished his diplomatic service while connected with the mission to Quito, and more recently when Charge d'Affaires to Peru. From him mainly the Globe will derive the selections and translations from the foreign continental journals and periodicals, the comments on them and the other literary articles which will be found among its chief attractions. F. P. Blair will give his attention principally to the English periodicals.

The Globe will be published daily during the session of Congress and weekly the balance of the year and will undergo distribution in the form of a Weekly Globe, a Congressional Globe and Appendix.

The Weekly Globe will contain agricultural and miscellaneous articles.

The Congressional Globe will embody as it has done for the last sixteen years, Congressional proceedings and debates exclusively:

The Appendix will embrace the revised speeches separately and the messages of the President of the United States and the reports of the Heads of the Executive Departments.

The Congressional Globe and appendix will be published as fast as the proceedings of Congress will make a number. Subscribers may expect one number of each a week during the first four weeks of a session and two or three numbers of each a week afterwards, until the end of the session.

Complete indexes to the Congressional Globe and appendix, will besent to subscribers soon after Congress adjourns.

TERMS.

For one copy of the Daily Globe daily during the session of Congress, and weekly during the recess, a year, $5 00

For one copy of the Weekly Globe one year, 2 00

For one copy of the Congressional Globe during the present session, if subscribed for before the first of January, 1 00

For one coppy of the Appendix during the present session, if subscribed for before the first of January, 1 00

For six copies of either the Congressional Globe or the appendix, or part of both, 5 00

The subscription for the Congressional Gobe or the Appendix after the 10th of January will be $1 50. The original price of one dollar does not pay the expense of the publications in consequence of the great increase of matter published

BLAIR & RIVES.

Washington, December 5, 1848

G. BROOKE & CO

Would respectfully inform the citizens of Washington, Georgetown and Alexandria, and the public generally that they have made such arrangements with the publishers and others as to enable them to offer inducements to subscribers and others, that are not to be met with at any other establishment in the District:

From their long and familir acquaintancewith the business in this city, they feel confident that they can give satisfaction to all customers who may be pleased to favor them with a call, and they assure subscribers and public that no pains will be spared tomake the Literary, depot corner of Pennsylvania avenue and fourteenth street, equal to any establishment of the kind south of New York.

TO THE FRIENDS OF "THE PLOUGH LOOM, AND ANVIL."

POPULAR as this journal is, and so far successful beyond any heretofore established, its income is yet something short of paying its own expenses, leaving the editors to live on air or hope, neither of which is very substantial deit. Now, as we believe that we have not a friend who would willingly see the man want bread who has been more than thirty years teaching others how to make it, we at once frankly solicit our present patrons to use their influence to average one more subscriber each, and then "the Plough, the Loom, and the Anvil," and those who are working at it, will be doing what is commonly called a safe bussiness, and not until then. We are truly sorry to be under the necesity of making this appeal, for, could we afford it, we would rejoice, as on past occasions, to show that we would most willingly work as hard, gratuitously for the great industrial interests of the country, as we are now doing in the hope of at least a scanty support.

P.S. We shall not fail to note the favor if any kind brother Editor should give this a place in his paper to help along one of the oldest of the fraternity.

TERMS of the PLOUGH, LOOM, and ANVIL. $10 for five subscribers, $5 for two, and $3 for one, or $5 for two years subscription, 64 ages a month.

Address, J. S. SKINNER & SON, 81 Dock reet, PHILADELPHIA. June 2, 1849.

DOCTOR

D. V. Quenaudon's

Office.

Penn. Avenue, south side.

2d door West of 12 street.

THE IRON CITY

The cheapest Paper in the West

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR.

This paper hearafter, will be furnished to subcribers on the following

TERMS.

For one year paid in advance, ' ' 1,00

Do do, paid within three months 1,00

If not paid until the end of the year, 1,50

Whitney and Dunn.

THE ATLAS,

PUBLISHED WEEKLY,

By HERRICK & ROPES,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS,

No 111 Nassau street (second floor) between Beekman and Ann streets.

TERMS.—To Mail subscribers, One Dollar per annum, invariable in advance. No paper is continued longer than paid for, nor is any paper sent from this office before it is paid for. In order to afford the paper at the extremely low price which we do, a strict adhearence to this rule is absolutely necessary.

Subscribers in this city, Harlem, Williamsburg, Brooklyn, Jersey city and Staten Island are served by regular carriers at one shilling per month, or three cents per copy.

Terms of Advertising.— One square (sixteen lines), first insertion, one dollar eight lines, or less, fifty cents—each subsequent insertion, half price.

THE FELLOWSVLLE DEMOCRAT.

Is published on friday of each week at Fellowsville, preston county Virginia by S. Hermans.

Terms, one dollar and twenty five cents per annum, if paid in advance, one dollar and seventy five cents within six months, or two dollars and twenty five cents at the expiration of the year, terms strictly adhered to.

Rates of Advertising. Twelve lines or less, one insertion, fifty cents, three do. one dollar. Larger ones in proportion.

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yearly advertisers will be charged Twelve dollars and fifty cents with the privileg of occupying a space not exceeding two squares, half column, Twenty dollars.

Letters and communications must be addressed to the Fellowsville Democrat. at Fellowsville Preston co. Va

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BETTER AND CHEAPER THAN EVER !!!

NEVER IN THE REAR!

A NEW PAPER MAMMOTH SIZE

Reduced price, Increased Beauty,

AND AUGMENTED INTEREST!!

The undersigned having purchased the disputed claim on the old Saturday Courier, and being determined not to be surpassed in the competition among the press For popularity beauty and excellence, will now combine the unrivaled and unapproachable material of the old paper, with the renewed energy enterprise novelty and spirit of a new one and will issue, on the 11th day of March, 1848 in the city of Philadelphia the first number of a new weekly Newspaper, of the very first and largest class, entitled

M'MAKIN'S MODEL,

AMERICAN COURIER

Published and edited by ANDREW M'MAKIN now editor of the Saturday Courier.

Assisted by a gentleman, universally acknowledged as one of the most talented and popular writers of the age.

The farmers Department, of the Courier will be edited. It is expected, by the most distinguished Agriculturist in the united States whose name will be announced as soon as the pending negotiations are contempleted.

THE AMERICAN COURIER

Will contain the amount of eight more columns of matter than does the "Saturday Courier," and it will be conducted strictly on the CASH PRINCIPEL, will, with all its Artistic and literary improvements, be offered at a much reduced price to "Clubs,'

The editor of the American courier feels confident that not a pledge will be required of time to the character of the new paper, other than that it will be a family newspaper, neueral in politics and religion; chaste in morality and moderate but elevated in tone and sentiment. His long connection with the "Saturday courier,'—which, under at least his co editorship, reached the largest similar circulation in the world,—will be ample pledge that every intelligent and respectable family in the land may safely confide in his taste, judgment and energy, with the aid of comparatively unlimited capital, to cater for their mental appetite

The contents of the American Courier.

Among the standard features of the american courier, will be—a new series of 'Washington Legends,' by George Lippard, esq. The 'portrait Gallery' of poets and their poetry—each Biography Illustrated, Original domestic tales, by themost distinguished writers of the day. Original essays, sketches, poems, and letters on useful and important subjects. engraved views of persons, scenes and things of interest Select tales from the best english and american authors. The "Modern Spectator, in wich it will be designed to

"eye nature's walk, shoot Folly as it flies
and catch the manners living as they rise

Together with every useful novelty that ingenuity, skill and talent can advise.

THE FARMERS DEPARTMENT will immediately take and maintain an originality and value not approachable by any family journal in the land the editor having engaged several writers of known and acknowledged ability to furnish practical articles on model farming.

The markets, news and gossip of the day will be objects of special care in detail, and nothing will be left undone by mind or money.

Mrs; Caroline Lee Hentz, L. H; Sigourney, L, Maria Child, Francis S. Osgood Emma C; Embury, Ann S. Stephens A. M. F. Annan, Amelia B. Welby C. H. Esling St, Leon Loud, Caroline Orne, Hannah F. Gould M: C, Sedwick, William C; Bryant Augusta Browne William Horbert J, F. Cooper, William Gilmore Simms, Thomas S, Fay, John K. Paulding, J, H. Ingraham, N P Willis C F Hoffman H, W, Longfellow T S Arthur J H Mancur H T Tuckerman, George Lip Paid C Dickens, Eugene Sue Prof P S Ruter Jos R Chandler, Robert Morris, Fitz Green Halleck, C Lanman, Caleb Lyon, Park Benjamin, H B Hirst, T B Read, W C Hosmer Seba Smith C Chancery Burr.

Two copies of the American Courier and Sears Magazine 1 year 4 dollars 3 copies of the American Courier, and one N Y Union Columbian, or Sears pictorial Magazine American Revolution, or Great Britian 9 dollars

six copies of the American Courier and 2 copies of either Sears Magazine, American revolution, or Great Britian

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TO SUIT THE TIMES— TOBACCO CIGARS, & SNUFF,

WHOLESALE, AND RETAIL.

The Subscriber, respectfully informs his friends and the public generally that he has commenced the above business at No. 6 east of Gadsby's Hotel. Having been in experience of four or five years and a thorough practical knowledge of the manufacture of Tobacco in all its varieties, it may confidently be expected that he will keep on hand the most excellent articles, and at uncommon low prices too, in the tobacco line imported into this country. He hopes by a devotedness to his business to meet with encouragement from a generous public whom it will be his greatest desire to please. He has now in store and for sale the following choice brands of Tobacco, cigars, and snuff,

Regi	Principe De
Reformal	Principe degas
Imperial	Principe Mellio
Cazadores	Havana Legitimr
Rifle	Tobbaccos superio
Industry	Anones

Also cigars of every variety extant.

Chewing tobacco.

Bridge's Diamond, Jessee Hares sun cured Russell Roberteons Wright, Oseys old shop small lump of v. bdr

Snuff.

Presidents mixture	Rappee
Macaboy	Natchitoches
Congress	Snuff boxes of b,

N. B: The undersigned will do business on the cash system and conseqnently will be able to furnish goods at least 25 cents cheaper than any other establishment in the District.

W. H. WINTER

THE BELLOWS FALLS GAZETTE.

CONDUCTED BY JOHN W. MOOR.

TERMS.

$1,50 in advance, $1.75 if paid at the end of six months, and $2,00 at the end of a year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid—except at the discretion of the publisher.

ADVERTISEMENTS

conspicuously inserted at the rate of $1 per square, (a square being 12 lines,) for three weeks. Advertisements less than a square, or less than twelve lines inserted three weeks for 75 cents.

Business advertisements will be kept in until ordered out, for which will be charged 12 1-2 cents extra, per square each week.

☞All notices of meetings, societies & of individual interest will be charged as Advertisements to those who order them published.

Postage must be paid on all letters and communications addressed to the publisher, in order to ensure, attention.

Office, in Engine Block,—Up Stairs.

Millinery and Fancy Store.

Mrs Clavadetscher formerly Mrs Bihler begs leave to return her greatful thanks to the citizens of washington for their generous patronage, and respectfully informs them that she has just received an extensive assortment of Millinery of the latest paris fashions With a variety of the richest laces, satins silk velvets fancy ribbons bonnets &c.

RAIL-ROAD HOTEL.

The undermentioned having taken the above well known Hotel, recently occupied by P Moran, East of the Rail Road Depot, between 1st and 2d Streets, is now prepared to accommodate any number of persons that may favor them with a call. Their table will be supplied with all the delicacies of the season, and the bar with the choicest liquors.

Regular boarders received at moderate prices.

The subscriber feels grateful for past favors and hopes by strict attention to business, and a determination please, to merit an increase of public patronage.

JAMES RAGAN.

DAGUERREAN GALLERY.

VAN LOAN & CHASE present their compliments, and solicit an early visit to their

DAGUERRAN GALLERY.

at the ODEON, corner 4 1-2 street and penn avenue.

Where canbe seen specimens of these exquisite Works of Art, which are pronounced by Scientific Gentlemen of the city to stand unrivaled either in Europe or America.

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